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Emission Testing Report

Report: R018695

NCI Packaging - Glendenning



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing. NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, calibration, and inspection reports.



Document Information

Client Name: **NCI** Packaging

Report Number: R018695

Date of Issue: 30 April 2025

Attention: **Andrew Bennett**

Address: 194 Power St

Glendenning NSW 2761

Ektimo Pty Ltd, ABN 86 600 381 413 Testing Laboratory:

Report Authorisation

Sam Estell

Sam Estell

NATA Accredited Laboratory **Air Monitoring Consultant** No. 14601

Steven Cooper Ektimo Signatory

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Please note that only numerical results pertaining to measurements conducted directly by Ektimo are covered by Ektimo terms of NATA accreditation as described in the Test Methods table. This does not include calculations that use data supplied by third-parties, comments, conclusions, or recommendations based upon the results. Refer to Test Methods section for full details of testing covered by NATA accreditation.



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1 Executive Summary

1.1 Background

Ektimo was engaged by NCI Packaging to perform emission testing on EPA 1 - Oven # 1 and Oven # 2 at their Glendenning premises.

1.2 Project Objective & Overview

The objective of the project was to conduct a monitoring programme to quantify emissions from two (2) discharge points to determine compliance with NCI Packaging's Environment Protection Licence, 12384 and NSW EPA regulatory concentration limits.

Monitoring was performed as follows:

Location	Test Date	Test Parameters*	
EPA 1 - Oven #1 Exhaust	- 27 March 2025		
Oven #2 Exhaust		Total organic compounds (TOC as n-Propane)	

^{*} Flow rate, velocity, temperature, and moisture were also determined.

All results are reported on a dry basis at STP.

Plant operating conditions have been noted in this report. The MSDS' of each product used has been appended to this report.

1.3 Licence Comparison

The following licence comparison table shows all analytes are within the licence limit set by the NSW EPA as per licence 12384 (last amended on 01 May 2024) and the Group 6 limit outlined in Schedule 2, Part 2, Division 1 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation, 2022* (POEO).

Location ID	Location Description	Pollutant	Licence Limit (mg/m³)	POEO Limit (mg/m³)	Detected Values
EPA 1	Oven #1 Exhaust	Volatile Organic Compounds (as n-propane)	20	NA	3.4
NA	Oven #2 Exhaust	Volatile Organic Compounds (as n-propane)	NA	20	3.3

Please note that the measurement uncertainty associated with the test results was not considered when determining whether the results were compliant or non-compliant.



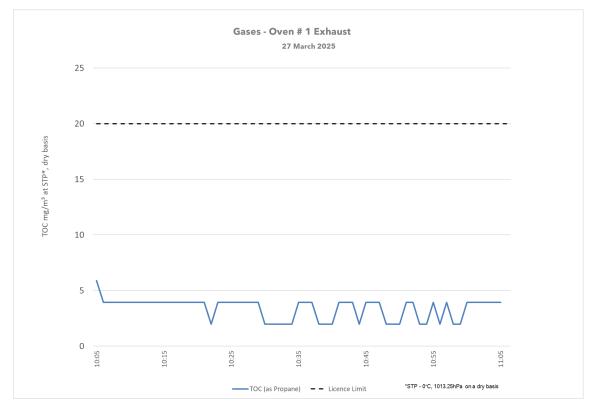
2 Results

2.1 EPA 1 - Oven #1 Exhaust

27/03/2025 Client NCI Packaging Date Report R018695 Stack ID EPA 1 - Oven # 1 Exhaust Licence No. 12384 Location Glendenning **Ektimo Staff** Sam Estell / Ahmad Ramiz State NSW **Process Conditions** PPG3878-001B - White base coat 250314

Stack Parameters			
Moisture content, %v/v	3.7		
Gas molecular weight, g/g mole	28.6 (wet)	29.0 (dry)	
Gas density at STP, kg/m³	1.28 (wet)	1.29 (dry)	
Gas density at discharge conditions, kg/m³	0.71		
Gas Flow Parameters			
Flow measurement time(s) (hhmm)	0953 & 1118		
Temperature, °C	221		
Temperature, K	494		
Ambient pressure, kPa	102		
Stack pressure, kPa	102		
Velocity at sampling plane, m/s	8		
Volumetric flow rate, actual, m³/s	2.7		
Volumetric flow rate (wet STP), m³/s	1.5		
Volumetric flow rate (dry STP), m³/s	1.4		
Mass flow rate (wet basis), kg/h	6800		

Gas Analyser Results	Average		Minimum		Maximum	
Sampling time	1005 - 1	1105	1005 - 1	1105	1005 -	1105
			Concentration			
Total Organic Compounds (TOC)	mg/m³	g/min	mg/m³	g/min	mg/m³	g/min
TOC (as Propane)	3.4	0.29	<2	< 0.2	5.9	0.5



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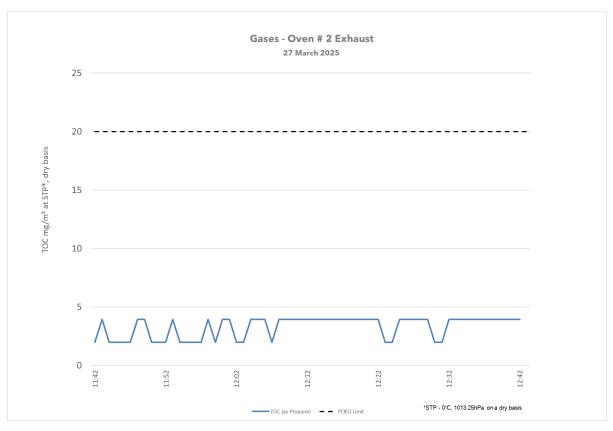


2.2 Oven #2 Exhaust

Date 27/03/2025 NCI Packaging Client Report R018695 Stack ID Oven # 2 Exhaust Licence No. 12384 Location Glendenning **Ektimo Staff** Sam Estell / Ahmad Ramiz State NSW PPG3121-301A - Internal gold lacquer **Process Conditions**

Stack Parameters			
Moisture content, %v/v	4.4		
Gas molecular weight, g/g mole	28.5 (wet)	29.0 (dry)	
Gas density at STP, kg/m³	1.27 (wet)	1.30 (dry)	
Gas density at discharge conditions, kg/m³	0.49		
Gas Flow Parameters			
Flow measurement time(s) (hhmm)	1121 & 1422		
Temperature, °C	436		
Temperature, K	709		
Ambient pressure, kPa	102		
Stack pressure, kPa	102		
Velocity at sampling plane, m/s	13		
Volumetric flow rate, actual, m³/s	4.3		
Volumetric flow rate (wet STP), m³/s	1.7		
Volumetric flow rate (dry STP), m³/s	1.6		
Mass flow rate (wet basis), kg/h	7600		

Gas Analyser Results	Average		Minimum		Maximum	
Sampling time	1142 - 1	1242	1142 - 1	1242	1142 - 1	. 242
	Concentration	Mass Rate	Concentration	Mass Rate	Concentration	Mass Rate
Total Organic Compounds (TOC)	mg/m³	g/min	mg/m³	g/min	mg/m³	g/min
TOC (as Propane)	3.3	0.31	<2	< 0.2	3.9	0.37





3 Sample Plane Compliance

3.1 EPA 1 - Oven #1 Exhaust

Sampling Plane Details		
Source tested	Exhaust vent	
Pollution control equipment	Thermal oxidiser	
Sampling plane dimensions	650 mm	
Sampling plane area	0.332 m²	
Sampling port size, number	2" BSP (x2)	
Duct orientation & shape	Vertical Circular	
Downstream disturbance	Cowl >6 D	
Upstream disturbance	Bend 6 D	
No. traverses & points sampled	2 8	
Sample plane conformance to AS 4323.1	Ideal sampling plane	

3.2 Oven #2 Exhaust

Sampling Plane Details		
Source tested	Exhaust vent	
Pollution control equipment	Thermal oxidiser	
Sampling plane dimensions	650 mm	
Sampling plane area	0.332 m²	
Sampling port size, number	1" BSP (x2)	
Duct orientation & shape	Vertical Circular	
Downstream disturbance	Cowl >6 D	
Upstream disturbance	Junction 6 D	
No. traverses & points sampled	2 8	
Sample plane conformance to AS 4323.1	Ideal sampling plane	

4 Plant Operating Conditions

See NCI Packaging records for complete process conditions.

Based on information received from NCI Packaging personnel, it is our understanding that samples were collected during typical plant operations.

Oven # 1 Exhaust

Product PPG3878-001B - White base coat was used for the duration of this sampling. The MSDS has been appended to this report.

Oven # 2 Exhaust

Product PPG3121-301A - Internal gold lacquer was used for the duration of this sampling. The MSDS has been appended to this report.



5 Test Methods

All sampling and analysis were performed by Ektimo unless otherwise specified. Specific details of the methods are available upon request.

				NATA accredited	
Parameter	Sampling method	Analysis method	Uncertainty*	Sampling	Analysis
Sampling points - Selection	NSW EPA TM-1 (AS 4323.1)	NA	NA	✓	NA
Flow rate, temperature & velocity	NSW EPA TM-2 (USEPA Method 2)	NSW EPA TM-2 (USEPA Method 2)	8%, 2%, 7%	NA	✓
Moisture content	NSW EPA TM-22 (USEPA Alt-Method 008)	NSW EPA TM-22 (USEPA Alt-Method 008)	19%	✓	✓
Molecular weight	NA	NSW EPA TM-23 (USEPA Method 3)	not specified	NA	✓
Dry gas density	NA	NSW EPA TM-23 (USEPA Method 3)	not specified	NA	✓
Volatile organic compounds	NSW EPA TM-34 (USEPA Method 25B)	NSW EPA TM-34 (USEPA Method 25B)	not specified	✓	✓

170325

6 Quality Assurance/Quality Control Information

Ektimo is accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) for the sampling and analysis of air pollutants from industrial sources. Unless otherwise stated test methods used are accredited with the National Association of Testing Authorities. For full details, search for Ektimo at NATA's website www.nata.com.au.

Ektimo is accredited by NATA to ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing. ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing requires that a laboratory have adequate equipment to perform the testing, as well as laboratory personnel with the competence to perform the testing. This quality assurance system is administered and maintained by the Quality Director.

NATA is a member of APAC (Asia Pacific Accreditation Co-operation) and of ILAC (International Laboratory Accreditation Co-operation). Through mutual recognition arrangements with these organisations, NATA accreditation is recognised worldwide.

Unless specifically noted, all samples were collected and handled in accordance with Ektimo's QA/QC standards.

^{*} Uncertainties cited in this table are estimated using typical values and are calculated at the 95% confidence level (coverage factor = 2).



7 Definitions

DECC

The following symbols and abbreviations may be used in this test report:

% v/v Volume to volume ratio, dry basis .

ApproximatelyLess thanGreater than

≥ Greater than or equal to AS Australian Standard

BaP-TEQ Benzo(a)pyrene toxic equivalents

BSP British standard pipe

CEM/CEMS Continuous emission monitoring/Continuous emission monitoring system

CTM Conditional test method

D Duct diameter or equivalent duct diameter for rectangular ducts

 D_{50} 'Cut size' of a cyclone is defined as the particle diameter at which the cyclone achieves a 50% collection efficiency i.e. half of

the particles are retained by the cyclone and half pass through it. The D_{50} method simplifies the capture efficiency distribution by assuming that a given cyclone stage captures all of the particles with a diameter equal to or greater than the D_{50} of that

cyclone and less than the D_{50} of the preceding cyclone. Department of Environment & Climate Change (NSW)

Disturbance A flow obstruction or instability in the direction of the flow which may impede accurate flow determination. This includes

centrifugal fans, axial fans, partially closed or closed dampers, louvres, bends, connections, junctions, direction changes or

changes in pipe diameter

DWER Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (WA)
DEHP Department of Environment and Heritage Protection (QLD)

EPA Environment Protection Authority
FTIR Fourier transform infra-red

ISC Intersociety Committee, Methods of Air Sampling and Analysis

ISO International Organisation for Standardisation

ITE Individual threshold estimate I-TEQ International toxic equivalents

Lower bound When an analyte is not present above the detection limit, the result is assumed to be equal to zero.

Medium bound When an analyte is not present above the detection limit, the result is assumed to be equal to half of the detection limit.

NA Not applicable

NATA National Association of Testing Authorities
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NT Not tested or results not required OM Other approved method

OU Odour unit. One OU is that concentration of odorant(s) at standard conditions that elicits a physiological response from a

panel equivalent to that elicited by one Reference Odour Mass (ROM), evaporated in one cubic metre of neutral gas at

standard conditions

PM₁₀ Particulate matter having an equivalent aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 10 microns (µm). PM₂₅ Particulate matter having an equivalent aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 microns (µm).

PSA Particle size analysis. PSA provides a distribution of geometric diameters, for a given sample, determined using laser

diffraction.

RATA Relative accuracy test audit

Semi-quantified VOCs Unknown VOCs (those for which an analytical standard is not available), are identified by matching the mass spectrum of the

chromatographic peak to the NIST Standard Reference Database (version 14.0), with a match quality exceeding 70%. An estimated concentration is determined by matching the area of the peak with the nearest suitable compound in the analytical calibration standard mixture.

STP Standard temperature and pressure. Gas volumes and concentrations are expressed on a dry basis at 0 °C, at discharge

oxygen concentration and an absolute pressure of 101.325 kPa.

TM Test method

TOC Total organic carbon. This is the sum of all compounds of carbon which contain at least one carbon-to-carbon bond, plus

methane and its derivatives.

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure (Association of German Engineers)

Velocity difference
The percentage difference between the average of initial flows and after flows.

Vic EPA Victorian Environment Protection Authority

VOC Volatile organic compound. A carbon-based chemical compound with a vapour pressure of at least 0.010 kPa at 25°C or

having a corresponding volatility under the given conditions of use. VOCs may contain oxygen, nitrogen and other elements.

VOCs do not include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides and carbonate salts.

WHO05-TEQ World Health Organisation toxic equivalents

XRD X-ray diffractometry

Upper bound When an analyte is not present above the detection limit, the result is assumed to be equal to the detection limit.

95% confidence interval Range of values that contains the true result with 95% certainty. This means there is a 5% risk that the true result is outside this

range



8 Appendices

Appendix A: Site Images



EPA 1. Oven # 1 Exhaust



Oven # 2 Exhaust

Date: 30 April 2025



Appendix B: Material Safety Data Sheets

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 6 April 2023

Version 9



Section 1. Identification

: PPG3121-301A/200L Product code Product identifier : PPG3121-301A GOLD LINING

Other means of : 30007035 identification

Recommended use and restrictions

Use of the substance/ : Coating.

mixture

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier's details

: PPG Industries Australia Pty Limited

(ABN 82 055 500 939) 14-20 McNaughton Rd **CLAYTON Victoria 3168**

Tel: (03) 9263 6000 Fax: (03) 9263 6970

Emergency telephone

: Australia 1800 883 254 / New Zealand 0800 000 096 For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 substance or mixture SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking

tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a

POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable. **EC number** : Mixture.

Ingredient name	CAS number	% (w/w)
outan-1-ol	71-36-3	10 - <30
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	10 - <30
xylene	1330-20-7	10 - <30
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	1 - <10
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - <10
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - <10
rosin	8050-09-7	1 - <10
cumene	98-82-8	<1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

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Section 4. First aid measures

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Ingestion

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Farmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it **Protection of first-aiders**

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam. media

Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet

media

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

Hazchem code : •3Y

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

butan-1-ol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	Absorbed through skin.
	PEAK: 152 mg/m³
	PEAK: 50 ppm
2-butoxyethanol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
<u> </u>	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 242 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 96.9 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	[Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)]
	STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 350 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 80 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	[Trimethyl benzene]
	TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
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Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION	RESIN SOLUTION	RESIN SOLUTION
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADG : None identified.

Hazchem code : •3Y

IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

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Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SUSMP : 6

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AllC) : All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand (NZIoC) : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

Date of issue/Date of : 6 April 2023

revision

Date of previous issue : 9/20/2022 Prepared by : EHS

Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 10 February 2025 Version 5.01



Section 1. Identification

Product code : PPG3878-001B/200L

Product identifier : PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

: 30007045 Other means of

identification

Recommended use and restrictions

Use of the substance/ : Coating. mixture

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier's details : PPG Industries Australia Pty Limited

(ABN 82 055 500 939) 14-20 McNaughton Rd **CLAYTON Victoria 3168**

Tel: (03) 9263 6000 Fax: (03) 9263 6970

24/7 Emergency telephone

Australia 1800 883 254 / New Zealand 0800 000 096 For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618 number

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Classification of the

substance or mixture ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



: WARNING Signal word

: Flammable liquid and vapour. **Hazard statements**

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use

explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly

after handling.

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Product code PPG3878-001B/200L Date of issue 10 February 2025 Version 5.01

Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Response : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or

attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or

attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable. **EC number** : Mixture.

Ingredient name	CAS number	% (w/w)	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	10 - <30	
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>25036-25-3</td><td>1 - <10</td><td></td></mw<=1100)<>	25036-25-3	1 - <10	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - <10	
xylene	1330-20-7	1 - <10	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Ingestion

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

is suspected that tumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Hazchem code

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with

the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides
metal oxide/oxides

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode • •3Y

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Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
⊵ -butoxyethanol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/20) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 96.9 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 242 mg/m³.	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/202 [Trimethyl benzene] TWA 8 hours: 123 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.	
xylene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) [Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 350 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 80 ppm.	

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

For products that are sprayed, where practicable use a spray booth designed and maintained in accordance with AS/ NZS 4114.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

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Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

Restrictions on use

: Not applicable.

References: Eye protectors should conform to AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337. Chemical-resistant gloves should conform to AS/NZS 2161.1. Respiratory protection should conform to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Occupational footwear should conform to AS/NZS 2210.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : White. Odour : Not available : Not available. Odour threshold pH : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : 135°C (275°F)

: Closed cup: 59°C (138.2°F) Flash point

Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

: Not available. : Not available.

(flammable) limits Vapour pressure

: Not available. : Not available.

Vapour density **Relative density** Bulk Density (g/cm³)

: 1.25 : 1.31

Solubility(ies)

Media Result cold water Not soluble

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Product code PPG3878-001B/200L Date of issue 10 February 2025 Version 5.01

Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not applicable.

octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available.

Decomposition temperature: Not available. Viscosity

: Not Applicable

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). When

exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	1200 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg 3 mg/l [4 hours]
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <="1100)</td"><td>Rat - Oral - LD50</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td></mw>	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
•	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	5 g/kg 18000 mg/m³ [4 hours]
xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	4.3 g/kg 1.7 g/kg

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result		
2-butoxyethanol	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Observation period: 28 days		
	Rabbit - Eyes - Irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Observation period: 21 days		
xylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant		
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Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 11. Toxicological information

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
7,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	in.	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
K ylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 11. Toxicological information

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from shortterm and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT	4224.8	135516.1	N/A	10.3	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	1200	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
∠butoxyethanol	Acute - LC50	Fish	1474 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC	Fish	>100 mg/l [21 days]

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2-butoxyethanol	-	IH.	Readily
xylene	-	·5	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling

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Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 13. Disposal considerations

emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADG : None identified.

Hazchem code : •3Y

: None identified. IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SUSMP : 6

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AIIC) : All components are listed or exempted. New Zealand (NZIoC) : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

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Product name PPG3878-001B WHITE BASECOAT

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 10 February 2025

Date of previous issue

: 8/29/2024 : EHS

Prepared by Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

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LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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Product code PPG3121-301A/200L

Date of issue 6 April 2023

Version 9

Product name PPG3121-301A GOLD LINING

Section 16. Any other relevant information

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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